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MAINDEC-14-D7LA-D-(D)

TEST - 14L

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Diagnostic Group

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1. ABSTRACT

TEST-14L is a program written to be run on a PDP-8 I/L computer to thoroughly test a PDP-14L Computer System consisting of a PDP-14L processor, and I-, O-, and S-Boxes. It is loaded into and run on an 8 I/L connected to the PDP-14L under test. The program provides error type outs, error halts and oscilloscope looping. The program can be run for a short period of time (minutes) to initially test a PDP-14L, or it may be run for a long time (approximately 2 hours) to provide a comprehensive test to all the logic circuitry.

2. REQUIREMENTS

2.1 Equipment

PDP-8 I/L Computer PDP-14L to PDP-8 I/L Interface Module (M745) PDP-14L Computer PDP-14L, I-, O-, and S-Boxes with the output of the O Boxes tied back (electrically) to the respective inputs of the I- Boxes.

2.2 Storage

The program occupies most of PDP-8 I/L memory

2.3 Preliminary Programs

None

3. LOADING PROCEDURE

3.1 Method

The program is loaded using the "standard" PDP-8 Binary Loader technique.

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4. STARTING PROCEDURE

4.1 Control Switch Settings

The following is a program of switch register settings and their operation upon the program:

	SR	Set As	Action
	0		Loop on Current Test Don't Loop
	1	1 0	Don't Halt on Error Halt on Error
	2	1.0	Don't Print Errors Print Errors
al -	3	l O	Long Test Short Test
	4	1 0	Repeat All Tests Stop at End of Tests
	5	1 0	Test Memory Logic Don't Test Memory Logic

4.2 Starting Addresses

Start the program at location 0200 if it is desired to interrogate operator about PDP-145 configuration.

Start the program at location 0201 if the PDP-14L configuration has been previously defined to the program.

- 4.3 Program and/or Operator Action
 - 4.3.1 Connect the PDP-14L to be tested to the PDP-8I/L using the appropriate cables and revision of the M745 interface module.
 - 4.3.2 Connect to the PDP-14L the I-, O-, and S-Boxes to be used in the test. The I-Box cables must occupy consecutive address slots in the I-Box section of the PDP-14L. The O-Box cables must also occupy consecutive address slots, but in the O-Box section of the PDP-14L. The S-Box cables must occupy consecutive address slots in the O-Box section immediately following the last O-Box cable. Electrically connect the output of the O-Boxes to the respective inputs of the I-Boxes (i.e. O to O, 1 to 1, 2 to 2, etc.) If there are extre

In-Box inputs left over, connect these respectively to outputs 0, 1, 2 etc. (i.e. input 40 to output 0, input 41 to output 1, etc) until all input terminals are connected to a respective output. Return to output Ø as much as necessary to accomplish this. Connect the appropriate supply voltage (normally 110 Volts, 60 Hz) to the 0-Boxes.

- 4.3.3 If the memory logic is to be tested. plug the special test module into the PDP-14L. (see the Engineering Checkout Procedure)
- 6.3.4 Power up the PDP-SI/L and the PDP-14L computers.
- 4.3.5 Load the binary program "TEST-14L" into the 81/L using the PDP-8 Binary Loader.
- 4.3.6 Start the program at location 0200. Set Switch register per 4.1 above.
- 4.3.7 Answer the questions asked by the program, concerning how many I-,O-, and Half - S Boxes are connected to the PDP-14L (1 S-Box = 2 Half S-Boxes) and the presence of a ROM via the PDP-8I/L Teletype Keyboard (See below)

HOW MANY I-BOXES? 2 How Many O-BOXES? 4 How Many Half S-Boxes? 0

IS A ROM INSTALLED (Y-YES N-NO) ? Y

4.3.8 Program will now run to completion (assuming no errors) and will type out "PASS 'N' "COMPLETE" upon completing each pass of the program (See Below).

PASS 0001 COMPLETE

PASS 0002 COMPLETE

PASS 0003 COMPLETE

5.

OPERATING PROCEDURE

- 5.1 Operational Switch Settings See 4.1 above.
- 5.2 Subroutine Abstracts None

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5.3 Program and/or Operator Action

There is normally no communication between the operator and the computer after the initial interrogation except via the Switch Register. The computer will not communicate with the operator except when an error occurs or the computer completes a pass through the program.

6. LARORS

6.1 Error Halts and Description

Most of the error halts in the program are preceded by error typeouts. However, if in doubt about the cause of the error halt, consult the program listing.

6.2 Error Recovery

To scope an error condition after an error halt, set the switch register per 4.1 (above) and depress "CONTINUE".

After replacing suspected bad modules, always restart the program at location 0201 (it is not necessary to repeat interrogation if the PDP-14L configuration has not changed or the program has not been reloaded).

6.3 Error Messages

The error messages output by the program (with very few exceptions) will contain as error designator (a 2 letter error number) followed by a description of the test being performed and/or description of the failing error condition. If desired, the operator can use the 2 letter error designator to go directly to the module call list to see which modules should be replaced. Or, if he desires, he may set up a program 'scope loop and probe the PDP-14L to determine the failing condition, then replace the failing module.

Examples of the various types of error messages are shown below:

6.3.1 Register Errors

6.3.1.1 Single Register Errors

AI JMP (4224) TEST OLD GOOD BAD PC1 0000 0001 0000

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In the example shown of the previous page, the error designator is "AI". The operator can go to the module call table and look up "AI" or he can analyze the rest of the message. The test being performed involves some of the basic gating of the PDP-14L and the "JMP" instruction. The failing register was PC1 (or possibly the "output register" as it is impossible to tell at this point in the testing scheme).

6.3.1.2 Multiple Register Errors

AL TRM (4226) TEST OLD GOOD BAD OUTPUT 0000 0642 0000

PC1 0000 0003 0000

It is possible that more than one register can be affected in a test. In the example shown above both the "Output Register" and "PC1" were in error

6.3.2 Non Register Errors

6.3.2.1 I/O Instruction Errors

BZ TEST FLOP NOT SET BY TXN 0060

The above example indicate a problem in the I/O section of the PDP-14L. The operator can refer to the mobile call for error "BZ" after reading this message, or he can further analyze the message if he desires to 'scope the error. In this test he would 'scope the "TXN" class of instruction to check pulse generation, addressing, gating, decoding, etc. in the PDP-14L processor and in the I-Box affected.

6.3.2.2 PDP-8 to PDP-14L Interface Errors

DA EXTERNAL FLAG NOT CLEARED BY POWER CLEAR OR 6161 ALWAYS SKIPS

The above example indicates = problem in the PDP-8 to PDP-14L Interface module (M745). 'Scope loops are provided, however it is generally easier to simply replace the M74! module and try again. . .

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6.3.3 Non-Diagnosti: Errors

PDP-14 HUNG

PDP-14 STOPPED

Unfortunatly, these are a few errors which the PDP-14L can perform which are not analyzible by the program, although they are detectible. These are shown above. If the PDP-14L stops or hangs, one of the above printouts will occur. Depressing PDP-8 "continue" may provide more information about the error.

5.4 Error Identifier - Module Call

Note: In addition to the modules listed for each error identifier, the following modules are common to all errors

M774 - IR Decoder M235 - Major Registers M745 - PDP-8 to PDP-14L Interface

Identifier

BJ

Module Type(s) and Function (

M743 I/O interface

K161 I-Box K578 I-Box K135 I-Box

AI		M741 Major states and tim	ng
AL	9 58, 5	See Note	
AO		See Note	
AR		See AI	
BH		M743 I/O interface K2Ø7 O-Box K135 O-Box	
		K161 O-Box	
BI		See BH	
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dentifier	Module Type(s) and Function	on (
BK	See BJ	
BL	See BH	
BM	See BJ	
BN	See BH	
BO	See AI	
BP	See AI	
BQ	See BH	
BR	See AI	l.
BS	See BN	
BT	See AI	•
BU	See AI	
BV	See BJ	
BW	See AI	
ВХ	See BH	
ВХ	See BH	
BB	K614 O-Box, See BJ	
CĂ	5 66 8 8	
СВ	See BH	
cc	See BH	
CD	See AI	
CE %	See Note	• •
53	See AI	

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Moudle Type (s) and Function (S

DB	See	IA
DC	See	AI
DE	See	AI
DF	See	AI
DG	See	AI
DH	See	AI
DI	 See	AI
DJ	See	AI
DK	See	AJ

7. RESTRICTIONS

7.1 Starting Restrictions

Identifier

PDP-14L Power Clear is expected at program start time, don't stop TEST-14L in the middle of the I/O test and restart at $\emptyset 2 \emptyset \emptyset$ or $\emptyset 2 \emptyset 1$ without powering down and powering back up the PDP-14L

7.2 Operating Restrictions

All I-, O-, and S-Box cables must occupy consecutive address slots starting with address slot \emptyset in the respective area of the PDP-14L processor

The special test module must be plugged in to test the memory logic.

8. MISCELLANEOUS

8.1 Execution Time

The execution time of the program is dependent upon the 1/0 configuration of the PDP-14 under test.

The short test should take no more than five (5) minutes.

The long test should take approximately two (2) hours.

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9. PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

9.1 Test 1 (SA=1000)-

The first test performed checks the operation of the external flag to set and clear and operate on the PDP-8 interrupt bus properly.

9.2 Test 2 (SA=1200) -

Checks the operation of the output register flag to set and clear and operate on the PDP-2 interrupt bus properly.

9.3 Test 9 (SA=3200)

Checks JMP instruction (4224). If SR3=1 (long test) jump from and to all locations. If SR3=0 (short test) jump from 0 to all locations.

9.4 Test 12 (SA=3400)

Checks the instruction TRM (4226)

9.5 Test 15 (SA=3600)

Check the instruction NOP (0000) at all locations

9.6 Test 18 (SA=3666)

Checks the instruction JFF (5000) to jump properly. If SR3=1 (long test) JFF is executed to and from all locations. If SR3=0 (short test) JFF is executed to all locations from all page location 0's.

9.7 Test 34 (SA=5606)

The first test to be performed on the I/O checks that after an "SYF 377" (3377) no outputs are on.

9.8 Test 35 (SA=5664)

Checks that after an "SYF 377" (3377) all outputs are off.

9.9 Test 36 (SA=5677)

Checks that no inputs are on after an "SWF 377"

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9.10 Test 37 (SA=5733)

Checks that all inputs are off after an "SYF 377"

9.11 Test 39 (SA=6002)

Checks a TXD "N" status word with the "TEST" flop set and input off

9.12 Test 40 (SA=6004)

Checks a TYD "N" status word with the "TEST" flop set and output off

9.13 Test 41 (SA=6696)

Checks the JFN Y instruction with the "TEST" flop set

9.14 Test 43 (SA=6054)

Checks the JFF Y instructions with the "TEST" flop cleared

9.15 Test 44 (SA=6112)

Check a TXD "N" statis word with the "TEST" flop cleared and input off.

9.16 Test 45 (SA=6115)

Checks a TYD "N" status word with the "TEST" flop cleared and output off

9.17 Test 47 (SA=6122)

Checks the JFF Y instruction with the "TEST" flop set

9.18 Test 49 (SA=6200)

Checks the JFN Y instruction with the "TEST" flop cleared

9.19 Test 54 (SA=6237)

Checks that with output "N" on, only TYN "N" sets the "TEST" flop.

9.20 *Test 55 (SA=6314)

Checks a TXD "N" status word with the "TEST" flop set and input on.

9.21 Test 56 (SA=6317)

Checks a TYD "N" status word with the "TEST" flop set and output on.

9.22 Test 57 (SA=6322)

Checks that with output "N" on, all TYF's set the "TEST" flop except TYF "N"

9.23 Test 58 (SA=6400)

Checks a TYD "N" status word with the 'TEST" flop cleared and output on.

9.24 *Test 59 (SA=641Ø)

Checks a TXD "N" status word with the "TEST" flop cleared and input on.

9.25 *Test 60 (SA=6413)

Checks that with output "N" on, only TXN "N" and "offsets" (other inputs connected to output "N") set the "TEST" flop.

9.26 *Test 61 (SA=6476)

Checks that with output "N" on, only TXF "N" and "offsets" do not set the "TEST" flop.

9.27 Test 66 (SA=6659)

Checks that only SYF "N" and SYF 377 clears output "N"

9.28 Test 68 (SA=7000)

Checks that only SYN "N" turns on output "N"

9.29 Test 69 (SA=5517)

Checks the operation of memory circuitry by issuing TRM (4426) using 6165 IOT. The number in the OUTPUT Register should be the same number as was in PC1.

*These tests are not performed when an S-Box is being tested.

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